

**NEBRASKA DEPARTMENT OF ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT
MINIMUM REHABILITATION STANDARDS
FOR SINGLE-FAMILY AND MULTI-FAMILY REHABILITATION
(CDBG, HOME, NAHTF)**

A. MINIMUM STRUCTURAL STANDARDS

1. SIDEWALKS, STAIRS, DRIVEWAYS, PARKING LOTS, ROADS – All sidewalks, driveways, parking lots, roads, stairs and similar areas shall be free of hazardous conditions and in proper repair.

Other Inspectable Items: Cracks
Settlement / Heaving
Spalling / Exposed Rebar
Potholes / Loose Material
Hand-railing-Broken / Missing

2. PREMISE IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS – Address numbers easily visible and legible from the street or road shall be installed. Numbers shall contrast in color with their background and be at least 4 inches high with a minimum stroke width of one half inch.

Other Inspectable Items: Mailbox – Missing / Damaged
Signs / Numbers – Missing / Damaged

3. FOUNDATIONS, EXTERIOR WALLS, ROOFS, SOFFITS AND FASCIA – Every foundation, exterior wall, roof, soffit, and fascia shall be structurally sound, weather-tight, and rodent/insect-proof.

All exterior surface materials shall be protected by lead-free paint or other protective coating in accordance with acceptable standards. The exception is all types of exterior materials acceptable to weatherizing without deterioration.

Other Inspectable Items: Foundations:

Cracks / Gaps
Spalling / Exposed Rebar

Walls:

Cracks / Gaps
Damaged Chimneys
Missing / Damaged Caulking / Mortar
Missing Pieces / Holes / Spalling
Stained / Peeling / Needs Paint

Roofs:

Damaged Soffits / Fascia
Damaged Vents
Damaged / Clogged Drains
Damaged / Torn Membrane / Missing Ballast
Missing / Damaged Components from Downspout / Gutter

Missing / Damaged Shingles
Ponding

Roof Exhaust System:

Roof Exhaust Fan(s) Inoperable

Windows:

Broken / Missing / Cracked Panes
Damaged Sills / Frames / Lintels / Trim
Damaged / Missing Screens
Missing / Deteriorated Caulking / Seals / Glazing Compound
Peeling / Needs Paint
Security Bars Prevent Egress

Lighting:

Broken Fixtures / Bulbs

4. INTERIOR WALLS, FLOORS, CEILINGS, DOORS, AND WINDOWS – Every interior partition, wall floor, ceiling, door and window shall be structurally sound.

Holes in walls should be re-plastered before new paint is applied.

All interior doors shall be capable of affording privacy for which they were intended.

Other Inspectable Items: Walls and Ceiling:

Bulging / Buckling
Holes / Missing Tiles / Panels / Cracks
Peeling / Needs Paint
Water Stains / Water Damage / Mold / Mildew
Damaged / Deteriorated Trim

Floors:

Bulging/Buckling
Floor Covering Damage
Missing Flooring Tiles
Peeling / Needs Paint
Rot / Deteriorated Subfloor
Water Stains / Water Damage / Mold / Mildew

Doors:

Damaged Frames / Threshold / Lintels / Trim
Damaged Hardware / Locks
Damaged Surface-Holes / Paint / Rusting /Glass
Missing Door

Windows:

Cracked / Broken / Missing Panes

Damaged / Rotting Window Sill
Missing / Deteriorated Caulking / Seals / Glazing Compound
Inoperable / Not Lockable
Peeling / Needs Paint

5. GRADING AND RAINWATER DRAINAGE FROM ROOF – All rainwater shall be drained and conveyed from every roof so as not to cause dampness within the dwelling. All rainwater drainage devices, such as gutters, downspouts, leaders and splashblocks shall be in safe working order. Ground areas around the habitable unit shall be sloped or drain away from foundation walls to prevent standing water.

Other Inspectable Items: Grounds:

Erosion / Rutting Areas
Overgrown / Penetrating Vegetation
Ponding / Site Drainage (affecting unit)

Storm Drainage:

Damaged / Obstructed

6. WINDOWS, EXTERIOR DOORS AND BASEMENT OR CELLAR HATCHWAYS – Every front, rear, side and basement or cellar door shall be no less than 2'4" in width and no less than 6' 6" in height. In existing structures, if replacement to meet these requirements would be impossible or cost-prohibitive, said requirement may be waived by the grantee.

Every window, exterior door and basement or cellar hatchway shall be substantially tight and rodent-proof. In addition, the following requirements shall be met:

- a. All exterior doors to the outside or to a common public hall shall be equipped with adequate security locks. Means of egress door locks shall be easily opened from the egress side without a key or special knowledge. All windows accessible from ground level without the aid of mechanical devices shall have a security device. Emergency escape windows shall be openable from the inside without the use of a key, code or tool;
- b. Every window sash shall be fully equipped with windowpane glazing materials free of cracks or holes, and all panes shall be secured with retaining devices or an adequate amount of putty. Said putty shall not be cracked, broken or missing;
- c. Every window sash shall be in good condition and fit tightly within its frame;
- d. Every window, other than a fixed window, shall be easily opened and held in position by window hardware;
- e. Every exterior and interior door, door hinge, door latch, and/or lock shall be in good working condition;
- f. Every exterior and interior door, when closed, shall fit well within its frame;
- g. Every window, door and frame shall be constructed in relation to the adjacent wall construction, to exclude rain and wind as completely as possible from entering the dwelling or structure;

Other Inspectable Items: Doors:

Damaged Frames / Threshold / Lintels / Trim

Damaged Hardware / Locks
Damaged / Missing Screen / Storm / Security Door
Damaged Surface – Holes / Paint / Rusting / Glass
Deteriorated / Missing Caulking / Seals (Entry Only)
Missing Door

7. STAIRWAYS, DECKS, BALCONIES AND PORCHES – Every interior and exterior stairway, porch, deck, balcony and appurtenance thereto, including hand and guard rails, shall be constructed to be sound and safe to use and capable of supporting the load that normal use may place upon it.

Other Inspectable Items: Stairs:

Broken / Damaged / Missing Steps
Broken / Missing Hand Railing

Patio, Porch, Deck, Balcony:

Baluster / Side Railings Damaged

8. SUPPLIED PLUMBING FIXTURES – Every plumbing fixture and water and waste pipe shall be properly installed in safe, sanitary working condition, free from leaks, defects, and obstructions.
9. BATHROOM, TOILET ROOM, KITCHEN AND UTILITY ROOM FLOORS – Every bathroom, toilet room, kitchen, and utility room floor surface shall be constructed to be impervious to water and to permit such floors to be easily kept clean and sanitary.

Indoor-outdoor type carpeting, when properly installed, shall be allowed in bathrooms, toilet rooms, kitchens and utility rooms except when in conflict with required interim controls or standard treatments required to comply with the lead-based paint regulation.

10. CHIMNEYS AND SMOKE PIPES – Every chimney and smoke pipe shall be adequately supported, structurally sound, and clean.
11. TREES AND VEGETATION – Trees and vegetation endangering the unit and/or its occupants shall be eliminated.
12. INTERNATIONAL RESIDENTIAL CODE FOR ONE AND TWO-FAMILY DWELLINGS – All rehabilitation work must meet or exceed the requirements of the International Residential Code as promulgated by the International Code Council in its current edition or as adopted in ordinance by the local jurisdiction.
 - a. Work must comply with the permitting and inspection requirements of the local jurisdiction.
 - b. In the absence of local permitting and inspection services, the local recipient program shall engage qualified inspectors and document code inspection and compliance.

13. LEAD-BASED PAINT – As required under 24 CFR Part 35, the Final HUD Regulation on Lead-Based Paint Hazards in Federally Owned Housing and Housing Receiving Federal Assistance, all assisted dwelling units constructed before January 1, 1978, will be evaluated for lead-based paint hazards or presumed to have lead-based paint present throughout the unit when paint is disturbed.
- a. Evaluation will be done by a qualified, certified or licensed person as required under the regulation.
 - b. All lead-based paint hazards will be identified and reduced or eliminated through paint stabilization, interim controls or abatement with work being done by supervised, trained, qualified, certified or licensed persons as required under the regulation.
 - c. Safe work practices will be followed at all times.
 - d. Occupants shall be protected or temporarily relocated as required by the regulation. With some exceptions, as listed at 24 CFR 35.1345, occupants shall be temporarily relocated before and during hazard reduction activities to a suitable, decent, safe and similarly accessible dwelling unit that does not have lead hazards.
 - e. The dwelling unit and worksite shall be secured. The worksite shall be prepared and warning signs shall be posted as required by the regulation.
 - f. Clearance examinations will be performed by qualified personnel and final clearance shall be achieved as required by the regulations.

14. ENERGY CONSERVATION –

- a. Equipment, appliances, windows, doors and appurtenances replaced during rehabilitation shall be replaced with Energy Star qualified products.
- b. If feasible, attics should be insulated to R38 and walls to a minimum of R11.
- c. Replacement heating and/or cooling systems shall be properly sized as evidenced by completion of ACCA/ANSI Manual J[®] or an equivalent sizing calculation tool.
- d. All accessible air ducts shall be tightly sealed.
- e. Heating or cooling supply running through unconditioned space should be avoided or rerouted, but when present and accessible, shall be insulated.

15. INDOOR AIR QUALITY – The scope and conduct of rehabilitation of each dwelling unit shall take into consideration the improvement and maintenance of satisfactory and healthy air quality within the unit.
 - a. A carbon monoxide detector installed per manufacturers’ recommendations shall be present in each unit, and receive primary power from the building wiring or battery. If the house is all electric a carbon monoxide detector is not required.
 - b. Devices and appurtenances identified to contain mercury shall be removed or replaced excluding CFL bulbs.
 - c. Materials and methods used in carrying out rehabilitation, shall to the extent feasible, minimize and prevent dust, out gassing, volatile organic compounds and other contaminants within the dwelling unit.

Other Inspectable Items: Health and Safety:

Air Quality - Mold and/or Mildew Observed
 Sewer Odor Detected
 Propane/Natural Gas/Methane Gas Detected

16. UNIVERSAL DESIGN AND ACCESSIBILITY – Rehabilitation of each unit shall be carried out with consideration for the needs of its occupants and to the maximum practical extent in accordance with the principles of universal design. For guidance in implementing universal design features, visit www.design.ncsu.edu/cud.
 - a. The housing must meet the accessibility requirement of 24 CFR part 8, which implements section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973 (29 U.S.C. 794), and Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act (42 U.S.C. 12131-12189) implemented at 28 CFR parts 35 and 36, as applicable. “Covered multi-family dwelling,” as defined at 24 CFR 100.201, must also meet the design and construction requirements at 24 CFR 100.205, which implements the Fair Housing Act (42 U.S.C. 3601-3619). Rehabilitation may include improvements that are not required by regulation or statute that permit use by a person with disabilities.

B. MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR BASIC EQUIPMENT AND FACILITIES

1. WATER SUPPLY – All fixture water supplies shall be properly connected to public or private water system. All water supply inlet orifices (mouth of an opening from any pipe or faucet supplying water) shall have an air gap (The unobstructed vertical distance through the free atmosphere between the lowest opening from any pipe or faucet supplying water to a tank, plumbing fixture or other device and the floor level rim of the receptacle.) or shall be protected by vacuum breakers (also known as backflow preventers).
2. KITCHENS – Every dwelling shall have a kitchen room or kitchenette equipped with a kitchen sink, properly connected to both hot and cold running water lines, under pressure, and in working order.

Other Inspectable Items: Cabinets – Missing / Damaged
 Countertops - Missing / Damaged
 Dishwasher / Garbage Disposal – Leaking / Inoperable
 Plumbing - Clogged Drains
 Plumbing - Leaking Faucet / Pipes
 Range Hood / Exhaust Fans - Excessive Grease / Inoperable
 Range / Stove / Refrigerator- Missing / Damaged / Inoperable
 Sink - Damaged / Missing

3. TOILET ROOM REQUIRED - Every dwelling unit, except as otherwise permitted for rooming houses, shall contain a room that is equipped with a flush water closet and properly installed lavatory. Said lavatory shall be properly connected to both hot and cold running water, under pressure, and shall be in working order. Fixtures shall be properly installed, free of hazards, leaks and defects, and in functional and sanitary order.

Said flush water closet shall be properly connected to the water supply, under pressure, and shall be in working order.

Other Inspectable Items: Bathroom:

Bathroom Cabinets - Damaged / Missing
Lavatory Sink - Damaged / Missing
Plumbing - Clogged Drains
Leaking Faucet / Pipes
Water Closet / Toilet - Damaged / Clogged / Missing
Ventilation / Exhaust System – Absent / Inoperable
Call-for-Aid Inoperable (where applicable)

4. PRIVACY IN ROOM CONTAINING TOILET AND BATH – Every toilet and every bath shall be contained in a room or within separate rooms which affords privacy to a person within said room or rooms. Said rooms shall not be the only passageway to the exterior.

Toilets and bathrooms shall have doors with a privacy type lock and such doors, locks and hardware shall be in working order.

5. SHARED TOILET FACILITIES – Shared toilet rooms shall be equipped with a flush water closet and lavatory basin, and shall be connected as provided in Section 2 above. In rooming house type structures, at least 1 toilet and 1 lavatory basin, properly connected as set forth above, shall be supplied for each 8 persons or fractions thereof residing within a rooming house, including members of the operator’s family whenever they share the use of said facilities, provided that in rooming houses where rooms are let only to males, flush urinals may be substituted for not more than ½ of the required number of toilets.
6. BATH REQUIRED – Every dwelling unit shall contain a bathtub and/or shower. Fixtures shall be properly installed, free of hazards, leaks and defects, and shall be in functional and sanitary order.

Potable water supply piping, water discharge outlets, backflow prevention devices or similar equipment shall not be so located as to make possible their submergence in any contaminated or polluted liquid or substance.

Said bathtub and/or shower may be in the same room as the flush water closet and lavatory, or said bathtub and/or shower may be in a separate room. In all cases, these facilities shall be properly connected to both hot and cold running water lines, under pressure, and shall be in working order.

Other Inspectable Items: Shower / Tub - Damaged/Missing

7. LOCATION OF COMMUNAL TOILETS AND BATHS – Every communal bath required to be provided in accordance with other provisions, shall be located within a room or rooms accessible to the occupants of each dwelling unit sharing such facilities, without going through a dwelling unit of another occupant and without going outside of the dwelling.

In rooming houses, said room or rooms shall be located on the same floor of the dwelling as, or on the floor immediately above or below, the dwelling unit whose occupants share the use of such facilities.

8. HOT AND COLD WATER LINES TO BATH AND KITCHEN – Every dwelling shall have supplied water-heating facilities which are properly installed; in working condition and free of leaks; properly connected to hot water lines required; and are capable of supplying hot or tempered water at not less than 110°F to be drawn for every bath, as well as general usage.

Hot water storage associated with water heating facilities shall not be less than the following minimum capacities:

- | | |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| a. 1 dwelling unit | 30 gallons |
| b. 2 dwelling units | 40 gallons |
| c. 3 or more dwelling units | 50 gallons or more and rooming houses |

Sizes and/or number of water heaters are to be based upon the number of units served. No water heaters shall be allowed in bathrooms or bedrooms. All hot water heaters shall be properly vented and sealed and equipped with a pressure relief valve and drip leg a maximum of 6" above the floor.

The local rehabilitation division and/or building inspection division may adjust the above-required capacities upward or downward based on the type and recovery time of the hot water system.

Other Inspectable Items: Hot Water Heater:

Misaligned Chimney / Ventilation System
Inoperable Unit / Components
Leaking Valves / Tanks / Pipes
Pressure Relief Valve Missing
Rust / Corrosion

9. CONNECTION OF SANITARY FACILITIES TO SEWAGE SYSTEM – Every kitchen sink, toilet, lavatory basin and bathtub/shower shall be in working condition and properly connected to an approved public or private sewage system.

All sewers and vents shall function properly and be free of leaks and blockages.

Other Inspectable Items: Sanitary System:

Broken / Leaking / Clogged Pipes or Drains
Missing Drain / Cleanout / Manhole Covers

10. EXITS – Every exit from every dwelling and/or dwelling unit shall comply with the following requirements:
- a. It shall be functional;
 - b. It shall be unobstructed;
 - c. All stairways and steps of 4 or more risers shall have at least 1 handrail, and all stairways and steps that are 5 feet or more in width or open on both sides shall have a handrail on each side where possible;
 - d. Every dwelling unit shall have 2 independent ways of egress;
 - e. All handrails shall be not less than 30” or more than 42” vertically above the nose of the stair treads and not less than 36” above the stairway platform;
 - f. All balconies and platforms that are 30” or more above grade, shall have protective guards not less than 30” in height above the balcony or platform level;
 - g. All multiple dwellings (1 & 2 family residences exempted) shall have a second exit stairway or approved fire escape available to all occupants of units located on second or higher stories;
 - h. All stairs and steps shall have a riser height of no more than 8” and a tread depth of no less than 9”. This requirement may be waived on the programmatic level if in an existing structure, it would be impossible or cost prohibitive to meet this requirement. In such cases, new stairs could be put in having the same rise and run as the old;
 - i. In basement units where one means of an exit shall be a window, it shall comply with the International Residential Code, Section 310 Emergency Escape and Rescue Openings.
11. FIRE PROTECTION AND SMOKE ALARMS – All fire protection systems and devices shall be in operable condition. When a dwelling is occupied by any hearing impaired person, smoke alarms shall have an alarm system designed for hearing impaired persons in accordance with NFPA 74 (or successor standards).

Smoke alarms shall be installed:

- On each story, including basement and cellar (Alarms are not required in unfinished attics and crawl spaces)
- Outside of each bedroom
- In each bedroom

Other Inspectable Items: Fire Protection:

- Missing Sprinkler Head (where applicable)
- Missing / Damaged / Expired Extinguishers (where applicable)

C. MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR LIGHT, VENTILATION AND HEATING

1. REQUIRED WINDOW AREA – Every habitable room, provided such rooms are adequately lighted, shall have at least one open air space. The minimum total window area, measured between stops, for every habitable room shall be as follows:
 - a. 1/12 of the floor area if two or more separate windows exist or
 - b. 1/10 of the floor area if only one window exists;
 - c. A minimum of 12 square feet of window area is required in habitable rooms other than kitchens;
 - d. A kitchen may pass without a window area, provided there is a mechanical means of ventilation in working order.

Whenever the only window in a room is a skylight type window, the total window area of such skylight shall be equal to at least 15% of the total floor area of such room. Skylight type windows, if less than 15% of the total floor area shall be increased to 15% of the total floor area, unless another window is to be installed to provide adequate light and ventilation.

2. ADEQUATE VENTILATION REQUIRED – Every habitable room shall have at least one window or skylight which can easily be opened, or other such device as will adequately ventilate the room.
3. LIGHT AND VENTILATION REQUIREMENTS FOR BATHROOMS, TOILET ROOMS AND KITCHENS – Every bathroom, toilet room, and kitchen shall comply with the light and ventilation requirements for habitable rooms contained above, except that no window shall be required in adequately ventilated bathrooms, toilet rooms, or kitchens equipped with a ventilation system that filters or exhausts to the exterior.
Other Inspectable Items: Ventilation / Exhaust System – Inoperable (if applicable)
4. ALTERNATIVE LIGHT AND VENTILATION – Artificial light or mechanical ventilation complying with the International Building Code shall be permitted.
5. CLOTHES DRYER VENTING – Clothes dryer exhaust vent shall be a single purpose vent in compliance with the manufacturer’s instructions and vent to the exterior.
6. ELECTRIC OUTLETS AND SERVICE REQUIRED – Where there is suitable electricity available from supply lines no more than 300 feet away from a dwelling, including all existing dwellings now supplied with electrical services, every habitable room within such dwelling shall contain a minimum of two separate and remote wall type electric convenience outlets. Habitable rooms measuring more than 120 square feet shall contain a minimum of three separate and remote wall type electric convenience outlets. Temporary wiring, extension, or zip cords shall not be used as permanent wiring.

Every habitable room shall have at least one ceiling or wall type electric light fixture, controlled by a wall switch, or a wall type grounded electric convenience outlet controlled by a remote switch.

Every toilet room, bathroom, laundry room, furnace room, and hallway (hallway where applicable) shall contain at least 1 supplied ceiling or wall type electric light fixture, controlled by a wall switch, and at least one wall type grounded electric convenience outlet. Convenience outlets used in bathrooms shall be the GFI type.

Each individual kitchen based on its size and layout shall be wired to meet the requirements of the National Electric Code (N.E.C.).

Receptacle convenience outlets in or on open porches, breezeways or garages shall be of the GFI type with a weather proof receptacle box.

All wall and/or ceiling type lighting fixtures shall be controlled by a wall switch, except porcelain type fixtures used in cellars and/or attics, which may be controlled with a proper pull chain.

All electrical equipment, appliances and wiring shall be properly installed and in safe condition.

All broken and/or missing switch and receptacle plates shall be replaced.

Minimum electrical service for each dwelling and/or dwelling unit's circuit breaker box shall be by a three wire 120/240 volt single phase service rated no less than 100 amps, or as adjusted for size and usage of equipment and appliances in accordance with the ICC Electrical Code and approved, in writing, by the electrical inspector of the local jurisdiction or program.

Other Inspectable Items: Electrical System:

- Blocked Access to Electrical Panel / Improper Storage
- Burnt Breakers
- Evidence of Leaks / Corrosion
- Frayed Wiring
- GFI - Inoperable
- Missing Breakers / Fuses
- Missing / Broken Cover Plates
- Lighting - Missing / Inoperable Fixtures

Emergency Power:

- Auxiliary Lighting Inoperable (if applicable)

7. HAZARDOUS ELECTRICAL CONDITIONS – Where any condition of the electrical system in the dwelling or structure is identified as, and constitutes a hazard, the hazardous conditions shall be corrected.
8. HEATING FACILITIES – Heating facilities shall be properly installed, be in working condition and be capable of adequately heating all habitable rooms, and toilet rooms contained therein, or intended for use by the occupants capable of maintaining a room temperature of 68°F (20°C) when the outdoor temperature is within the winter outdoor design temperature for the locality as cited in Appendix D of the International Plumbing Code. Space heaters shall not substitute for a central heating unit.

Every installed central heating system shall comply with the following requirements:

- a. The central heating unit shall be safe and in good working condition;
- b. Every heat duct, steam pipe and hot water pipe shall be free of leaks and obstructions and deliver an adequate amount of heat where intended;
- c. Every seal between any and all sections of a hot air furnace shall be air-tight so noxious gases and fumes will not escape into the heat ducts;

- d. Required clearance from combustible materials shall be maintained;
- e. All chimneys and vents shall have a flue liner intact and in safe working condition.

Every existing space heater shall comply with the following requirements:

- a. No space heater burning solid, liquid or gaseous fuels shall be of a portable type;
- b. Every space heater burning solid, liquid or gaseous fuels shall be properly vented to a chimney or duct leading to outdoor space and be installed to provide proper draft;
- c. Every fuel burning space heater shall have a fire-resistant panel between it and the floor or floor covering as required by the unit's manufacturer;
- d. Whenever a space heater is located within 2 feet of a wall, said wall shall be protected with insulation sufficient to prevent overheating of the wall as required by the unit's manufacturer; ;
- e. Every space heater smoke pipe shall be equipped with approved thimbles or guards, properly constructed of non-flammable material, at the point where the pipe goes through any wall, ceiling or partition;
- f. Each dwelling and/or dwelling unit shall be supplied with its own heating systems. Local option may provide for one central forced air system to serve no more than two separate dwelling units.

Other Inspectable Items: HVAC System:

- Inoperable
- Misaligned Chimney / Ventilation System
- Noisy / Vibrating / Leaking
- Rust / Corrosion
- Boiler / Pump Leaks (where applicable)
- Fuel Supply Leaks (where applicable)
- Misaligned Chimney / Ventilation System
- Convection / Radiant Heat System Covers – Missing / Damaged

9. LIGHTING OF PUBLIC HALLS AND STAIRWAYS –

- a. Public halls and stairways in every dwelling containing 2 to 4 dwelling units shall be provided with convenient wall-mounted light switches controlling an adequate lighting system that will provide at least 2 foot candles of illumination on all parts thereof and be turned on when needed. An emergency circuit is not required for this lighting;
- b. Public halls and stairways in every dwelling containing 5 or more dwelling units shall be lighted at all times with an artificial lighting system. Said system shall provide at least 2 foot candles of illumination on all parts thereof at all times by means of properly located electric light fixtures, provided that such artificial lighting may be omitted from sunrise to sunset where an adequate natural lighting system is provided;
- c. Wherever the occupancy of the building exceeds 100 persons, the artificial lighting system as required herein, shall be on an emergency circuit;

- d. All basements and cellars shall be provided with a lighting system that permits safe occupancy and use of the space and contained equipment as intended, and which may be turned on when needed;
 - e. The required intensity of illumination shall apply to both natural and artificial lighting.
10. SCREENS REQUIRED – For protection against flies, mosquitoes and other insects, every door opening directly from a dwelling unit or rooming unit, to the outdoor space where feasible, shall be supplied with a screen covering at least 50% of the window area of the door, and said door shall be equipped with a self-closing device.

Every window or other opening to outdoor space used or intended to be used for ventilation shall likewise be supplied with screens covering the entire window areas required for ventilation. The material used for all such screens shall be no less than 16 mesh per inch, properly installed, and repaired when necessary to prevent the entrance of flies, mosquitoes and other insects.

Half-screens on windows may be allowed, provided they are properly installed and are bug and insect proof.

11. SCREENS FOR BASEMENT AND CELLAR WINDOWS – Every dwelling unit having operable basement or cellar windows shall be screened to prevent the entry of insects and rodents.
12. EXISTING HEATING TO DWELLINGS OR PARTS THEREOF – Every dwelling owner or operator, who rents, leases or lets for human habitation any unit contained within such dwelling, on terms either expressed or implied, shall supply or furnish heat to the occupants.

Whenever a dwelling is heated by means of a furnace, boiler or other heating apparatus under the control of the owner or operator, in the absence of a written contract or agreement to the contrary, said owner and/or operator shall be deemed to have contracted, undertaken, or bound to furnish heat in accordance with the provisions of this section to every unit that contains radiators, furnace heat duct outlets, or other heating apparatus outlets, and to every communal bathroom and communal toilet room located within such unit.

- a. Every central heating unit, space heater, water heater and cooking appliance shall be located and installed in a safe working manner to protect against involvement of egress facilities or egress routes in the event of uncontrolled fires in the structure;
- b. Every fuel burning heating unit or water heater shall be effectively vented in a safe manner to a chimney or duct leading to the exterior of the building. The chimney duct and vents shall be designed to assure proper draft, shall be adequately supported, and shall be clean;
- c. No fuel-burning furnace shall be located in any sleeping room or bathroom unless provided with adequate ducting for air supply from the exterior, and the combustion chamber for such heating unit is sealed from the room in an airtight manner. Water heaters are prohibited in bathrooms and sleeping rooms.
- d. Every steam or hot water boiler and every water heater shall be protected against overheating by appropriate temperature and pressure limit controls;

- e. Every gaseous or liquid fuel burning heating unit and water heater shall be equipped with electronic ignition or with a pilot light and an automatic control to interrupt the flow of fuel to the unit in the event of failure of the ignition device. All such heating units with plenum have a limit control to prevent overheating.

D. MINIMUM SPACE, USE AND LOCATION REQUIREMENTS

1. CEILING HEIGHT – Wherever possible, no habitable room in a dwelling or dwelling unit shall have a ceiling height of less than 7' 6". At least 1/2 of the floor area of every habitable room located above the first floor shall have a ceiling height of 7' 6", and the floor area of that part of any room where the ceiling height is less than 5' shall be considered as part of the floor area in computing the total floor area of the room for the purpose of determining maximum floor area.
2. ROOM WIDTH – All rooms, except kitchens and/or kitchenettes and baths, shall have a minimum width of 7'. Kitchens shall have a clear passage dimension of no less than 3' between walls, appliances and cabinets.
3. CELLAR SPACE NOT HABITABLE – No cellar space shall be converted or rehabilitated as habitable room or dwelling unit.
4. REQUIREMENTS FOR HABITABLE BASEMENT SPACE – No basement space shall be used as a habitable room or Dwelling unit unless all of the following requirements are met:
 - a. Such required minimum window area is located entirely above the grade of ground adjoining such window area, or an adequate window well of sufficient size as to allow escape of inhabitants residing within such basement apartment, has been constructed;
 - b. Such basement dwelling unit or rooming unit shall be entirely sealed off from the central heating plant with a one hour fire separation. To assist grantees in evaluating existing building components, HUD has published the "Guideline on Fire Ratings of Archaic Materials and Assemblies", February 2000, available at <http://www.huduser.org/publications/destech/fire.html>;
 - c. Such basement dwelling unit or rooming unit provides two means of exit, with at least one means of opening directly to the outside;
5. MINIMUM STORAGE AREAS – Each dwelling unit shall have at least one closet with a minimum of 6 square feet of floor area and a minimum height of 6', located within the dwelling unit. Dwelling units with 2 or more bedrooms shall have a storage floor area of at least 4 square feet per bedroom. This storage requirement does not necessarily have to be located in the bedrooms.

E. MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR GARAGES, FENCES AND PREMISES

1. PROTECTION OF EXTERIOR WOOD SURFACES – All exterior wood surfaces shall be properly protected from the elements against decay and rot by lead-free paint, or other approved protective coating.
2. FENCES – Every residential fence shall be in a state of maintenance and repair or shall be removed. Wood materials that are not decay resistant shall be protected against decay by use of lead-free paint or by other preservative material.

If a fence is removed and replaced, said installation shall conform with all local requirements.

Other Inspectable Items: Fencing and Gates:
Damaged / Failing / Leaning
Holes
Missing Sections

3. CONDITION OF PREMISES – All areas and all parts of the premises upon which any dwelling or dwelling units are located and all areas adjacent thereto and a part of the premises shall be in a clean and sanitary condition. This shall include, but not be limited to, removal of abandoned and junked automobiles, automobile bodies, chassis, parts, and trailers; inoperable machines and appliances; lumber piles and building materials not used in actual construction; tin cans, broken glass, broken furniture, boxes, crates, and other debris, rubbish, junk and garbage.

Other Inspectable Items: Retaining Walls:
Damaged / Falling / Leaning
Health and Safety:
Air Quality – Sewer Odor Detected
Propane / Natural Gas / Methane Gas Detected
Electrical Hazards - Exposed Wires / Open Panels
Water Leaks on / near Electrical Equipment
Flammable Materials - Improperly Stored
Garbage and Debris - Outdoors
Hazards – Other / Sharp Edges / Tripping
Play Areas and Equipment:
Damaged/Broken Equipment
Deteriorated Play Area Surface
Refuse Disposal:
Broken/Damaged Enclosure-Inadequate Outside Storage Space
Retaining Walls:
Damaged/Falling/Leaning
Fire Escapes:
Blocked Egress / Ladders
Visibly Missing Components
Emergency Fire Exits:
Emergency / Fire Exits – Blocked / Unusable
Missing Exit Signs

4. WATER SUPPLY - CONNECT TO WATER MAIN – Every owner of a dwelling situated on property that abuts any street or alley in which a water main is laid, shall be connected to such main to provide water service.

Other Inspectable Items: Domestic Water:
Leaking Central Water Supply
Missing Pressure Relief Valve
Rust / Corrosion or Heater Chimney
Water Supply Inoperable

5. ABANDONED WELLS AND CISTERNS – Every owner of a dwelling that contains an abandoned well or cistern on the premises shall permanently seal or fill it in a proper manner.

6. INFESTATION AND EXTERMINATION – Structures shall be free from rodent and insect infestation.

Other Inspectable Items: Health and Safety:

Infestation – Insects / Rats / Mice / Vermin

7. REQUIREMENTS FOR COMMON AREAS IN MULTI-FAMILY HOUSING – Common Areas within multi-family housing shall also be inspected and held to the same structural and rehabilitation standards contained here within.

Other Inspectable Items: Basement / Garage / Carport:

Baluster / Side Railings – Damaged / Missing

Closet / Utility / Mechanical:

Cabinets – Missing / Damaged

Community Room:

Call-for-Aid – Inoperable

Kitchen / Laundry Room / Halls / Corridors / Stairs:

Ceiling – Holes / Missing Tiles / Panels / Cracks

Peeling / Needs Paint

Water Stains / Water Damage / Mold / Mildew

Laundry Dryer Vent – Missing / Damaged / Inoperable

Lobby:

Countertops – Missing / Damaged

Office:

Dishwasher / Garbage Disposal – Inoperable

Other Community Spaces / Restrooms / Patio / Porch / Balcony:

Doors – Damaged Frames / Threshold / Lintels / Trim

Damaged Hardware / Locks

Damaged Surface (Holes / Paint / Rust / Glass)

Storage:

Doors – Door, Screen, Storm-Security Door – Missing / Damaged
Deteriorated / Missing Seals (Entry Only)

Electrical – Blocked Access to Electrical Panel

Burnt Breakers

Evidence of Leaks / Corrosion

Frayed Wiring

Missing Breakers / Covers

Hazards – Exposed Wires / Open Panels

Water Leaks on/near Electrical Equipment

Floors and Walls – Bulging / Buckling

Floor Covering Damaged / Missing Floor-Tiles

Peeling / Needs Paint

Rot / Deteriorated Subfloor
 Water Stains / Water Damage / Mold / Mildew
 Trim – Damaged / Missing
 GFI – Inoperable
 Graffiti
 HVAC – Convection/Radiant Heat System Covers Missing/Damaged
 General Rust / Corrosion
 Inoperable
 Misaligned Chimney / Ventilation System
 Noisy / Vibrating / Leaking
 Lavatory Sink – Damaged / Missing
 Lighting – Missing / Damaged / Inoperable Fixture
 Mailbox – Missing / Damaged
 Outlets / Switches / Cover Plates – Missing / Broken
 Pedestrian / Wheelchair Ramp
 Plumbing – Clogged Drains
 Leaking Faucet / Pipes
 Range Hood / Exhaust Fans – Excessive Grease / Inoperable
 Range / Stove / Refrigerator – Missing / Damaged / Inoperable
 Restroom Cabinet / Sink / Shower-Tub – Damaged / Missing
 Smoke Detector – Missing / Inoperable
 Stairs – Missing / Damaged/ Broken Steps-Handrailing
 Ventilation / Exhaust System – Inoperable
 Water Closet / Toilet – Damaged / Clogged / Missing
 Windows – Cracked / Broken / Missing Panes
 Damaged Window Sill
 Inoperable / Not Lockable
 Missing / Deteriorated Caulking / Seals / Glazing

Health and Safety:

Air Quality – Mold / Mildew Observed
 Propane / Natural Gas / Methane Gas Detected
 Sewer Odor Detected
 Emergency / Fire Exits – Blocked / Unusable
 Missing Exit Signs
 Flammable / Combustible Materials – Improperly Stored
 Garbage and Debris – Indoors / Outdoors
 Hazards – Other / Sharp Edges / Tripping
 Infestation – Insects / Rats / Mice / Vermin
 Pools and Related Structures – Fencing – Damaged / Not Intact
 Trash Collection Areas – Chutes – Damaged / Missing Components

F. FURTHER GUIDANCE TO MINIMUM REHABILITATION STANDARDS

1. WORK WRITE-UP, COST ESTIMATES, CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AND CONSTRUCTION DOCUMENTS – Construction contracts, work write-ups, and construction documents must be in sufficient detail to establish the basis for uniform inspections of the housing to determine compliance with the minimum rehabilitation standards.
2. INSPECTIONS – Initial, progress and final inspections are required to be completed along with appropriate documentation of such in each property / project file. Progress and final inspections must be conducted to ensure that work is done in accordance with the applicable codes, the construction contract, and construction documents.
3. HEALTH AND SAFETY – In housing that is occupied, any life-threatening deficiencies that are identified must be addressed immediately.
4. MAJOR SYSTEMS – Major systems are: structural support; roofing; cladding and weatherproofing (e.g., windows, doors, siding, gutters); plumbing; electrical; and heating, ventilation, and air conditioning. For rental housing, the remaining useful life of these systems must be estimated based on age and condition, upon project completion of each major system. (For multi-family rental housing projects of 26 units or more, the remaining useful life of the major systems must be determined through a capital needs assessment of the project.) For rental housing, if the remaining useful life of one or more major system is less than the applicable period of affordability, there must be a replacement reserve established and monthly payments made to the reserve that are adequate to repair or replace the systems as needed. For homeownership housing, each of the major systems must have a remaining useful life for a minimum of 5 years, upon project completion, or the major systems must be rehabilitated or replaced as part of the rehabilitation work.
5. CAPITAL NEEDS ASSESSMENT – Where relevant, for multi-family rental housing projects of 26 units or more, a capital needs assessment of the project is required to determine all work that will be performed in the rehabilitation of the housing and the long-term physical needs of the project.